

AMERICAN ARMS BARRED HUERTA AND HIS ENEMIES

President Wilson Has Resolved That No Faction in Mexico Shall Obtain Munitions From United States.

REBELS SCORE POINT AGAINST GEN. HUERTA

Sentiment Grows in Congress in Favor of Lifting Embargo on Arms and Giving Both Sides Equal Show.

LONG CIPHER TELEGRAM SPOILS BRYAN'S PLANS

Adel, Iowa, July 23.—The whole local entertainment plan for Secretary Bryan was spoiled by a 600-word cipher telegram, evidently unexpected, which awaited the secretary here, and which came from Washington. Mr. Bryan replied to a hotel room where he spent two hours deciphering the message and writing another. He declined to discuss the message.

Washington, July 23.—President Wilson has determined that the faction in the present Mexican revolution shall obtain arms or ammunition from the United States and that neutrality must be observed. It is understood that this was the interpretation of the neutrality laws decided upon by the president today after consultation with Senator Bacon and Representative Flood, chairman of the two congressional committees on foreign relations.

While the Mexican rebels have been getting no arms hitherto, today's developments mean that the Huerta administration will be deprived of the privilege previously accorded the Madero government and that the United States will treat all sides alike in the present dispute.

The situation was precipitated by the repeated complaints of constitutionalists and the Huerta administration in this country that if the United States did not virtually assist the Huerta government by selling it munitions of war, a termination of hostilities would be possible.

Strong sentiment for New Policy. Sentiment in the United States has grown in contrast to such extent that today a canvass was made of the committees in both houses dealing with foreign relations. It was found there was little objection to repealing the joint resolution of March 14, 1912, which gave the president discretionary power to prohibit exports of arms or munitions of war to countries where domestic violence existed, but permit him to allow the regular export of arms to countries where the regular government of a really constituted government.

The constitutionalist representatives here had protested to the state department that inasmuch as the Huerta administration had not been recognized by the United States, it ought not to obtain arms. This contention of the case found favor in official circles, and the House of Representatives on July 14, 1912 was convinced by a majority of 150 to 100 that the president should have the right to equalize conditions. It was decided that the same purpose could be observed by denying munitions to all factions.

Equal Showing for Both Sides. There was considerable feeling in Congress in favor of lifting the embargo on arms and while the rebels in equal opportunity to equip themselves. This sentiment finds favor especially among those who believe that the Carranza rebels have public opinion behind them in the United States and given the arms with which, and their large untrained forces, the revolution would end speedily in their favor.

For the present, however, the administration will leave orders to its agents everywhere to keep arms from leaving the rebellion-torn country.

Continued on Page Twelve.

LOOK BEFORE YOU SHOP

Form the habit of reading carefully the ads in The Constitution. Profit by them. Find opportunities to buy needed goods at worth-while savings.

TODAY

Large Jewelry Pineapples 75c.
Fancy Elberta Peaches 27c. basket.
Hot Bottle Glass 31c.
Children's Dresses 69c.
36 German Dandelion Lunch Sets \$1.50.
\$6.50 Table Cloths \$3.50.
Every Day \$2 to \$3.50.

Every day the progressive merchants of this city present the latest news from the shops. The Constitution, Atlanta's daily morning paper.

Is It Lady-Like to Look Like A Lady on Atlanta's Streets?

It is proper, also, it is legal for a real lady-like man to imitate femininity and appear on the streets dressed in woman's garb, provided that man be a professional female impersonator.

This is a question which is troubling Miss-bee your pardon—Mr. Auriema, who is nightly appearing at one of Atlanta's moving picture show houses. Also it is troubling Chief Beavers.

If it is proper and legal for a woman to cut her hair and don male costume as did Bela Lockwood and Dr. Mary Walker who, for many years, were conspicuous figures in New York, Washington and other populous cities, why shouldn't I take the place of some of the women who are fast abandoning the frills and turbans so long cherished by woman-kind?

This is the way that Mr. Auriema argues.

"Really," he said to himself, "if women keep on deserting the ranks of womanhood it will be only a short time when there will be no women, and we men will take their place!"

Consists With Chief. However, Mr. Auriema had grave doubts as to Chief Beavers' attitude on this question and before appearing in his female costume he consulted with the chief over the matter.

The chief seemed puzzled over the proposition and advised Auriema that the first thing he should do was to get a permit to appear on the streets in female costume.

Captain Lamar Pool was sent to investigate Mr. Auriema's case. He had instructions from his chief to ascertain, by all means, whether or not it was improper or indecent for a man to appear in female costume to render a report on the examination.

Auriema and his costume, which the modistes whose shops he frequented, were scanned by the keen eye of Captain Pool. He saw nothing indecent.

LaGrange, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Appealing to the members of the Georgia Weekly Press Association for assistance in what termed one of the most serious cases in the history of the state's history, Governor John M. Slaton, in his annual address tonight before the annual banquet of the association, accused in no uncertain terms the present system under which the teachers of the state are forced to do more than their money for a year after they have been rendered.

"We may differ about economic questions," he said, "but we have rendered the same service to the state for years. We may differ about the expenditure in excess of income must mean disaster."

Few understand that prior to the limitation of the tax rate, the rate of the tax was a checkmate to the amount of the appropriation, and because the rate was so high, the state was forced to limit the expenditure.

But since the rate has been fixed, the state is free to spend as much as it wishes, and the rate is no longer a checkmate to the amount of the appropriation.

Especially is this the case when the rate of the tax is so high, and the state is free to spend as much as it wishes, and the rate is no longer a checkmate to the amount of the appropriation.

Governor Slaton's Address. Mr. Slaton declared himself in favor of the equalization of taxes, saying that an increase of 20 per cent in the rate of the tax would simply equalize the burden and not increase that of him who is bearing the burden.

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MUTUOUS GUARDS DEFY THE VATICAN AND CAUSE TERROR

Residence of Pope Pius in a Veritable State of Siege. Demands of the Guards Refused.

"MARSEILLAISE" IS SUNG AND GARIBALDI CHEERED

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WILSON NAMED M'AFEE WHEN HE MEANT WEBB

But President Corrected Error. Bell Loses Canton Postmaster. Mrs. Bunn for Cedarturn.

Washington, July 23.—(Special.)—The patronage sky is lightning up for some Georgia congressmen. All the storm clouds are not yet dispersed, but thinners are looking brighter. Uncertainty is giving place to a more assured feeling among representatives who have not known how far they could go in making nominations for federal offices in their respective districts. Representative Gordon Lee's nomination for postmaster in Cedarturn and Rockmart were sent to the senate today.

They are Mrs. Annie K. Bunn at Cedarturn, widow of W. C. Bunn, and George Danahy, at Rockmart. A clerical error caused the name of Joseph M. McAfee to be sent to the senate today as the president's nominee for postmaster at Canton, Ga. William J. Webb had been selected for the job. The mistake was discovered and Webb's name substituted. Representative Lee favored McAfee and S. A. Smith favored Webb.

Mr. Lee was turned down in regard to the home, Ga. office, as the appointment was made at the personal request of Mrs. Wilson. Representative Bell lost out in Gainesville, his home town, and a number of other nominations have been held up in the postoffice department.

CONFERENCE ON BELL WEBB

Another bill Webb conference will be held tomorrow in the office of the secretary of agriculture. The people of Louisiana are behind the demand for the cotton plant, which will be a natural enemy to stay his onward march.

The proposal of Senator Smith of South Carolina, to establish a quarantine and prohibit growing of cotton along a strip 100 miles wide to prevent the boll weevil spread, has been dismissed as chimerical. It would prohibit production on two and one-half million acres, resulting in a loss of \$18,000,000.

John M. Parker, of New Orleans, reports that on his big plantation the cotton plants are waist-high, but no boll or bloom is to be seen for miles. Object to Cotton Tariff.

Senator O'Gorman today laid before

the senate the protest of 100 leading

distributors of cotton goods against

what they call "the unequal provisions

of the bill covering cotton textiles."

The provisions claim to distribute

cotton goods of a wholesale price of

\$100,000,000 which has a retail value

of \$200,000,000.

Their specific complaint is against

what they assert to be the failure

to provide adequate higher rates for

cotton textiles made of combed yarn

than if made of ordinary grades of

plain woven or figured cloths than for

putting rates for articles on the

same basis as ordinary cloths, by

actually omitting to include from the

senate bill altogether.

The inquiry are the highest grades

of cotton fabrics and duty on

them is no higher than on the ordinary

prints.

Hoke Smith for Vocational Education.

Senator Hoke Smith appeared today

before the education committee of

the house in support of his resolution

providing for the creation of a commis-

sion to study vocational education.

Senator Page, of Vermont, joined

the Georgian in urging a favorable

report on the resolution, which has

already passed the senate.

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the house in support of his resolution

providing for the creation of a commis-

sion to study vocational education.

Senator Page, of Vermont, joined

the Georgian in urging a favorable

report on the resolution, which has

already passed the senate.

They are Mrs. Annie K. Bunn at

Cedarturn, widow of W. C. Bunn, and

George Danahy, at Rockmart.

A clerical error caused the name of

Joseph M. McAfee to be sent to the

senate today as the president's

nominee for postmaster at Canton, Ga.

William J. Webb had been selected

for the job. The mistake was

discovered and Webb's name

substituted. Representative Lee

favored McAfee and S. A. Smith

favored Webb.

Mr. Lee was turned down in

regard to the home, Ga. office, as

the appointment was made at the

personal request of Mrs. Wilson.

Representative Bell lost out in

Gainesville, his home town, and a

number of other nominations have

been held up in the postoffice

department.

Conference on Bell Webb.

Another bill Webb conference will

be held tomorrow in the office of

the secretary of agriculture. The

people of Louisiana are behind the

demand for the cotton plant, which

will be a natural enemy to stay his

onward march.

The proposal of Senator Smith of

South Carolina, to establish a quar-

antine and prohibit growing of cot-

ton along a strip 100 miles wide to

prevent the boll weevil spread, has

been dismissed as chimerical. It

would prohibit production on two

and one-half million acres, result-

ing in a loss of \$18,000,000.

John M. Parker, of New Orleans,

reports that on his big plantation

the cotton plants are waist-high,

but no boll or bloom is to be seen

for miles. Object to Cotton Tariff.

Senator O'Gorman today laid before

the senate the protest of 100 leading

distributors of cotton goods against

what they call "the unequal provisions

of the bill covering cotton textiles."

The provisions claim to distribute

cotton goods of a wholesale price of

\$100,000,000 which has a retail value

of \$200,000,000.

Their specific complaint is against

what they assert to be the failure

to provide adequate higher rates for

cotton textiles made of combed yarn

than if made of ordinary grades of

plain woven or figured cloths than for

putting rates for articles on the

same basis as ordinary cloths, by

actually omitting to include from the

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The inquiry are the highest grades

of cotton fabrics and duty on

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A Beach Without An Undertow—A Coast Without a Pest

No Flies

No Mosquitoes

No Sandflies

ISLE of PALMS



The Playground of the South

The Most
Accessible Resort on
the Entire Atlantic Seaboard

The Greatest Resort in the South
for Young People--Something
Going On Every Minute

Close Connection With All Trains by
Elegant Private Ferries and Rapid Electric Service

**LOW RAILROAD FARES
FROM ALL POINTS**

Round Trips From Atlanta--

WEEK END

TEN DAYS

\$8.50

\$10.00

ASK FOR RATES FROM YOUR CITY

Amusements Galore

BATHING

BOATING

FISHING

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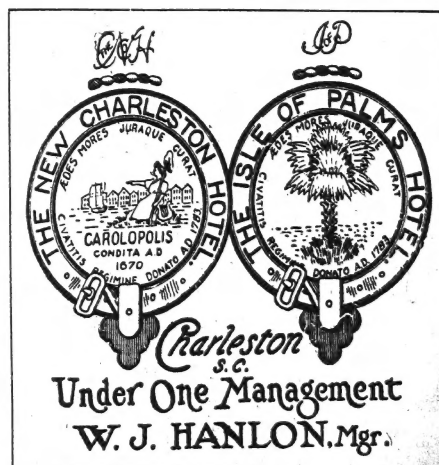
Music By Metz Great Military
Band Afternoons and Evenings

Dancing in the Largest and Most
Complete Pavilion in the South

*There Is No Surf Like
the Surf at the
ISLE OF PALMS*

*Join the Crowd at the Isle of Palms--The Greatest
Season in Its History--You'll Like It--Everybody Does*

For Complete Information, Rates, Reservations, etc., Address



JAMES SOTTILE, President Charleston-Isle of Palms Traction Co., CHARLESTON, S. C.

For Sale—City Real Estate

2-story home in Grant park section. Have you for sale like this? Also one good cottage on North side, \$5,000 to \$

[illegible]

new building, 6 rooms and bath, large porch, electricity and water, corner lot, street; cement walks. Terms. \$4. 0007-J.

AT A SACRIFICE
FOR SALE—Five-room bungalow, 44 Main
owner. Cheap on terms. David G. C.
Edgewood avenue. Ivy 3015.

WILL EXCHANGE place of semi-centra-
lary, less than by mile of Five Points,
for a north side home worth \$12,000 at a
saving difference. Address Chitson, F.
305.

CLOSE to Police de Lane ave., on N.
st., a splendid 7-room, 2-story, thorough-
ly home on a large lot, for \$6,500. Easy
Finch & Cook. Main 3580.

IF you're real estate you want to buy or
will pay you to see me. A. Graves.
Hester st.

a beautiful 7-room bungalow with tile
furnace heat, hardwood floors, etc., and
on a fine shaded, level lot, 50x170, with a
new driveway. \$20,000. \$2000.

WYATTS HT.—A beautiful 8-room, 5-story
veneer home with sleeping porch, large
hardwood floors, electric lighting, tile
bath, and a full kitchen with built-in
oven and refrigerator. Call for details.
Call 361-1111.

COOK, Fourth Nat'l Bank bldg. Bell phone
3408.

JUST OFF Ponce de Leon ave. we have

8-room, 2-story thoroughly modern home on level lot, 50x150, for \$5,000. Easy terms. Use up about it. Fischer & Cook, Main 3508.

WEST PEACHTREE ST.—Lot 50x140
near 84th st., for only \$4,200. Fischer & Cook, Fourth Nat'l Bank bldg.

NKAR, corner Whitehall and McDaniel
splendid place of property, always ready \$40 month, for \$3,500. Fischer & Cook 3508.

FOR SALE—\$3,300 buys a 6-room cottage, convenient, large lot; prettiest place of art avenue. Bell phone Main 2201; Atlas

RAYMOND ROBSON

WOOD AVE. Atlanta Phone

FOR SALE

IN DECATUR, GA., we have an 8-room
crete-constructed home, on lot 60x117.9,
in the heart of the town; has electric
hot and cold water, and within half block
line. We can sell this for \$4,750 on ter-
m loan to carry. See Mr. Martin.

IN INMAN PARK, on Edgewood avenue,
story, 6-room residence, with two
bathrooms; dandy lot 50 feet wide;

8 ACRES in the East Lake section, close to car service; city water, sewerage.

lighting; get buy on the market for \$4,000.
Mr. Radford or Mr. Hook.

ON MARIETTA ST. in the manufactur-
trict, a prominent corner, \$35,000, cash.
This is a money-maker. See Mr. Eves.

VACANT LOT. 1½ acres, on East Lake
one-half block from car line, \$17,500.
terms. See Mr. Radford.

WEST END—On one of the most prominent
a 10-room house, with servant's quar-
ters; large lot, 00x230; \$8,000; \$1,000
balance easy. See Mr. White.

INMAN PARK HOME of 6 rooms, 1½

Will trade equity for vacant lot, give difference in cash. See Mr. Martin.

For Rent—Apartments
THE BERKELEY
AND CRESCENT AVE
in this new, modern a
at on September 1, one o
price is \$75.00. Let us

CK & CALHOUN

RENT
S, 215 Ivy Street, one
conveniences, steam heat.

B. MAN

AND RENTING
N STREET.

SEVERE BREAK
MADE IN COTTON

Market Closed 9 to 12 Points
Net Decline—Weakness at
New Orleans Cause of the
Decline—Spot Quiet.

New York, July 23.—Cotton prices experienced a rather severe break today and closed steady at 9 to 12 points net loss or practically the lowest point of the season. The decline reflected a more favorable outlook for rain and cooler weather in the western belt and was attended by the most active trade that has been seen here in some time. Local short lines were considerably increased as a result of the weather news, while southern selling for both hedge and speculation account was very liberal at times during the day. Owing to the unexpected steadiness at Liverpool, the market closed only 1 point lower to 2 points higher, and for a time was fairly well sustained by southern cotton covering the absence of Texas rain, according to the early map. Sudden weakness at New Orleans, however, was accompanied by private predictions for unsettled conditions over the western belt and the weather was later confirmed by the official forecast, which indicated unsettled weather in the western belt and Texas, with a possibility of showers on the Texas coast in the next twenty-four hours. This brought a quick response in the price of general selling, and the market was under pressure for the balance of the day. The buying developed at times in the afternoon. Spanish sentiment was increased by a rumor that a southern authority had made the condition 52, or a slight increase for the month, and the cotton points to the possibility of a Gulf disturbance. The big market news of July at New Orleans, which has broken 16 points in two days also contributed to the decline here.

More showers occurred in the eastern belt and the foreign political situation was again a subject of apprehension among the trade. The developments of the day emphasized the sensitiveness of the market for all weather news, and particularly to any prospects for relief in Texas from the long spell of dry weather. The big weather markets were generally narrow.

Spot cotton quiet, 8 points down; middling upland, 11 to 12; gulf, 11 to 12; no sales.

COTTON FUTURES MARKETS

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON

Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
July 13	12.15	12.10	12.05	12.10
July 14	12.10	12.05	12.00	12.05
July 15	12.05	12.00	11.95	12.00
July 16	11.95	11.90	11.85	11.90
July 17	11.85	11.80	11.75	11.80
July 18	11.75	11.70	11.65	11.70
July 19	11.65	11.60	11.55	11.60
July 20	11.55	11.50	11.45	11.50
July 21	11.45	11.40	11.35	11.40
July 22	11.35	11.30	11.25	11.30
July 23	11.25	11.20	11.15	11.20
July 24	11.15	11.10	11.05	11.10

BONDS.

U. S. 2d 2s registered.

100	95 1/2
100	95 1/2

STOCKS.

High. Low. Close. Prev.

Aluminum	100	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100	100

COTTON FUTURES MARKETS

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
July 13	12.15	12.10	12.05	12.10
July 14	12.10	12.05	12.00	12.05
July 15	12.05	12.00	11.95	12.00
July 16	11.95	11.90	11.85	11.90
July 17	11.85	11.80	11.75	11.80
July 18	11.75	11.70	11.65	11.70
July 19	11.65	11.60	11.55	11.60
July 20	11.55	11.50	11.45	11.50
July 21	11.45	11.40	11.35	11.40
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High. Low. Close. Prev.

Aluminum	100	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100	100

LARGE EXPORTS

HELPED WHEAT

Foreign Demand Caused the

Market to Become Firm.

Corn Had Loss of 1-4 to

3-4 Cent.

Chicago, July 23.—Larger exports

than at any previous time this season

caused firmness today. The

market closed steady at last night's

level to 1-8 higher. Corn showed a

net loss of 1-4 to 3-4 and a decline

of 5-8 to 3-4. For provisions the

outlook from 1871-1912 looked

to be 1-2 advance.

Export sales of wheat here today

amounted to a full million bushels.

The total for the day before was also

large. The exports were said

furthermore, to be outstanding ordi-

nary dealers in Kansas and Nebraska.

Wheat weather interfering demand.

European demand was accepted as

the cause of the firmness. The

day had fallen to practically nothing

assumed earlier proportions when the

market advanced. Hedging sales

that resulted then wiped out in turn

most of the gain, but still left a

sentimental upturn in the final

closing. The wheat market

continued heavy. 2,230,000 bushels

against 1,717,000 a year ago. Seaboard

chartered wheat and flour equaled

54,000 tons.

We wanted over a large part of

the belt led to a rush of selling in

Texas. There was good speculative

covering on the part of the

market. The wheat market

was offset by the slowness of eastern

demand.

Cotton dropped with corn and as a

result of cool temperature, allowing

the market to fall to 1-2 higher than

had been expected. The cotton

market was quiet. The cotton

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ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

Country Produce.

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STOCKS REACTED,

LIGHT TRADING

Main Cause of Depression

Was the Further Decline in

Government Two Bonds,

Which Made New Record.

New York, July 23.—From its irregular

drift in the previous session, to-

day's stock market became reaction-

ary, with more low records in gov-

ernment issues. New Haven and some

of the central specialties, chiefly pa-

troleum. The movement was com-

paratively narrow and trading small

in volume.

The Mexican situation looked more

prominently than at any time in weeks

but was less depressing than the fur-

ther decline in government bonds,

which reacted to 86-1/4. Sales of

these bonds, in part at least, were evi-

dently the cause of small interior

institutions, and rumor had it that

at some fairly large blocks of this issue

had changed hands over the counter

at a price well under the lowest stock

exchange quotation.

Another event, which made for bull-

ish caution was the unexpected de-

cline of Anthony N. Brady, for

many years active in the affairs of

such corporations as Brooklyn Rapid

Transit, Consolidated Gas, United

States Rubber and American Tobacco.

Trading became extremely dull in

the late hour, save for a smart move-

ment in Amalgamated Copper which

was shared with government two in

establishing a low record price. To-

tal sales, par value, aggregated \$1,500,

000.

Mining Stocks.

ATLANTA STOCK MARKET.

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